Independent School District No. 876 Annandale, Minnesota

Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

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Independent School District No. 876 Board of Education and Administration June 30, 2024

Board of Education	Position	Term Expires
Katie Jones	Chairperson	December 31, 2024
Jon Scheer	Vice Chairperson	December 31, 2024
Gena Jacobson	Clerk	December 31, 2026
Melissa Muehring-Paulson	Treasurer	December 31, 2026
Dillon Dougherty	Director	December 31, 2024
Jennifer Mealey	Director	December 31, 2026

Administration

Tim Prom

Superintendent

Rick Pullen

Director of Business Services

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the School Board Independent School District No. 876 Annandale, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 876, Annandale, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 876, Annandale, Minnesota, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter - Implementation Guidance Update - 2021

The District has adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Implementation Guidance Update - 2021, grouped assets. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Independent School District No. 876, Annandale, Minnesota, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The management of Independent School District No. 876 is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of basic financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events considered in the aggregate, which raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, which follows this report letter, and the Required Supplementary Information as listed in the Table of Contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information identified in the Table of Contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 25, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Bugenkov, Lt.J.

St. Cloud, Minnesota November 25, 2024

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This section of the Independent School District No. 876's (the "District") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section. Certain comparative information between the current year (2023-2024) and the prior year (2022-2023) is required to be presented in the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the 2023-2024 fiscal years include the following:

- Net position increased by \$1,155,059 from June 30, 2023.
- Overall General Fund revenues were \$27,660,617 as compared to \$28,637,314 of expenditures and other financing sources of \$1,073.
- General Fund balance decreased \$975,624 from the prior year.

The financial statements include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

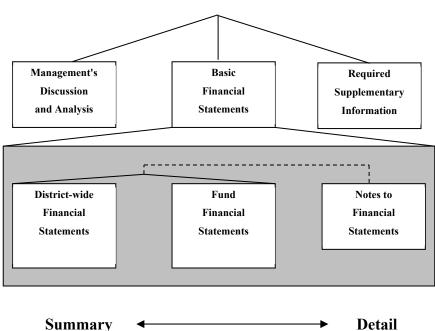


Figure A-1 Annual Report Format

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts: Independent Auditor's Report, Required Supplementary Information, which includes the MD&A, the basic financial statements, and supplemental information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of reports that present different views of the District:

- The first two reports are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining reports are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements. This includes the portion of the District's activities they address and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of MD&A highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

Figure A-2 Major Features of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Turne of Statements	District-Wide	Fund Financial Statements			
Type of Statements	Statements	Governmental Funds			
Scope	Entire District (except Fiduciary Funds)	The activities of the District are not proprietary or fiduciary.			
Required Financial	* Statement of Net Position	* Balance Sheet			
Statements	* Statement of Activities	* Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances			
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus.	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus.			
Type of Asset/Liability Information	All assets and liabilities both financial and capital, short-term and long-term.	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included.			
Type of Inflow/Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter.			

District-Wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)

District-Wide Statements (Continued)

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the overall health of the District, additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings will also need to be considered.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's expenditures are shown in one category:

• Governmental Activities – All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, administration, food services, and community education. Revenue from property taxes and state aids support most of these expenditures.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of revenue and expenditures on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (e.g., repaying its long-term debts) or to show it is properly using certain revenues.

The District has one type of fund:

• Governmental Funds – The District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Net Position

The District's combined net position was \$9,312,961 on June 30, 2024, this was an increase of 14.16% from the prior year (see Table A-1).

Table A-1Net Position of the District

	Government	Percentage	
	2024	2023	Change
Assets			
Current and other assets	\$ 13,413,877	\$ 14,559,848	-7.87%
Capital assets	36,378,758	36,147,441	0.64%
Total assets	\$ 49,792,635	\$ 50,707,289	-1.80%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 5,038,153	\$ 6,439,700	-21.76%
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	\$ 4,981,997	\$ 4,593,041	8.47%
Long-term liabilities	33,386,630	35,473,215	-5.88%
Total liabilities	\$ 38,368,627	\$ 40,066,256	-4.24%
Deferred Inflows of			
Resources	\$ 7,149,200	\$ 8,922,831	-19.88%
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 20,711,519	\$ 18,672,565	10.92%
Restricted amounts	2,120,408	2,700,390	-21.48%
Unrestricted amounts	(13,518,966)	(13,215,053)	2.30%
Total net position	\$ 9,312,961	\$ 8,157,902	14.16%

The decrease in deferred outflows of resources is due to the changes in the net pension liability. The decrease in deferred inflows of resources is associated with the net change in pension liability.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole (Continued)

Net Position (Continued)

Typically, the District does not include in an analysis of all governmental funds a breakout of expenses as depicted in Table A-2 on the following page. To do so distorts the latitude available to the District to allocate resources to instruction. All governmental funds are included; not only funds received for the general operation of the District, which are used for classroom instruction, but also resources from the entrepreneurial type funds of food service and community education and from resources for fiscal service transactions. Funding for the general operation of the District is controlled by the state and the District does not have the latitude to allocate money received in food service or community education or for fiscal services to enhance classroom instruction resources. The District cannot take funds from these restricted areas and use the funds to hire teachers to enhance instruction. In Minnesota, that is not an option. Therefore, a more accurate analysis of resources allocated to instruction should be limited to an analysis of resources received for the general operation of the District. This analysis (see Figure A-4) shows that 53.8% of available resources are spent on instruction.

The District's total revenues were \$30,053,551 for the year ended June 30, 2024. The total cost of all programs and services was \$32,245,254. Total revenues exceeded expenses which increased net position \$1,155,059 (including a change in accounting principle) over the prior year. (see Table A-2).

Property taxes and state formula aid accounted for 63.5% of total revenue for the year. Restricted operating state and federal aids and grants make up the operating grants and contributions shown as 29.0% of the District's total revenue sources. The other 7.5% came from other general revenues combined with investment earnings and the remainder from program revenues (see Figure A-3).

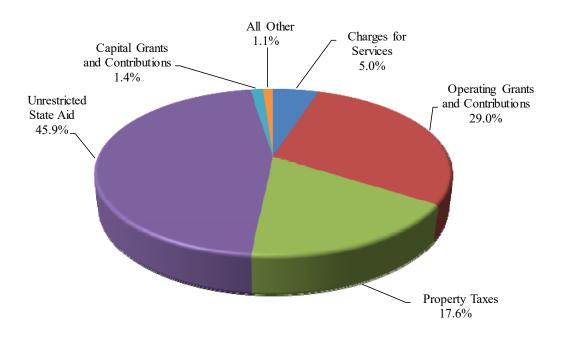
The District's expenses are predominately related to educating and caring for students (70.8%) (See Figure A-4). The remaining expenses are made up of Food Service and Community Education expenses (11.0%), Debt and Other payments (6.0%), Maintenance (7.7%), and Administration costs (4.5%).

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole (Continued)

Table A-2 Change in Net Position

		Activities for the Inded June 30,	Total Percentage
	2024	2023	Change
Revenues			
Program revenues	ф. 1 <i>с</i> 1 <i>с</i> 7 2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	22.520/
Charges for services	\$ 1,644,673	\$ 2,150,533	-23.52%
Operating grants and contributions	9,599,622	6,833,360	40.48%
Capital grants and contributions	475,116	432,686	9.81%
General revenues			
Property taxes	5,823,774	5,685,295	2.44%
Unrestricted state aid	15,154,940	14,673,339	3.28%
Investment income	142,825	156,455	-8.71%
Other	212,601	229,458	-7.35%
Total revenues	33,053,551	30,161,126	9.59%
Expenses	1 4 4 4 (20)	1 205 576	10 (50)
Administration	1,444,620	1,305,576	10.65%
District support services	956,164	1,065,312	-10.25%
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	12,749,940	11,136,898	14.48%
Vocational education instruction	544,552	373,460	45.81%
Special education instruction	4,041,883	3,664,048	10.31%
Instructional support services	1,734,240	1,203,635	44.08%
Pupil support services	2,805,369	2,473,004	13.44%
Sites and buildings	2,474,203	1,768,680	39.89%
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	320,202	267,993	19.48%
Food service	1,931,326	1,626,463	18.74%
Community education and services	1,623,948	1,480,838	9.66%
Unallocated depreciation	1,311,378	1,304,876	0.50%
Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt	307,429	369,529	-16.81%
Total expenses	32,245,254	28,040,312	15.00%
Increase in net position	808,297	2,120,814	9.91%
Beginning net position	8,157,902	6,037,088	
Change in accounting principle	346,762		
Ending net position	\$ 9,312,961	\$ 8,157,902	

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole (Continued)



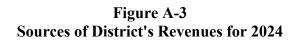
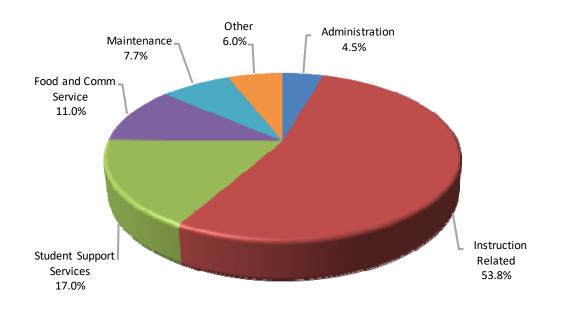


Figure A-4 District Expenses for 2024



Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole (Continued)

Table A-3 presents the total cost for each major District activity. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and aid provided for specific programs.) The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers for each activity.

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$32,245,254.
- Some of the cost was financed by the users of the District's programs \$1,644,673 (Table A-2).
- The federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions \$10,074,738.
- Most of the District's costs were financed by taxpayers of the State of Minnesota \$15,154,940 and to a smaller scale, local property taxpayers \$5,823,774.

	Total Cost	of Services	Percentage Net 0		of Services	Percentage
	2024	2023	Change	2024	2023	Change
Administration	\$ 1,444,620	\$ 1,305,576	10.65%	\$ 1,350,339	\$ 1,244,499	8.50%
District Support Services	956,164	1,065,312	-10.25%	956,164	1,065,312	-10.25%
Elementary and Secondary Regular	550,101	1,005,512	10.2570	550,101	1,005,512	10.2570
Instruction	12,749,940	11,136,898	14.48%	10,567,360	9,281,706	13.85%
Vocational Education Instruction	544,552	373,460	45.81%	544,552	371,417	46.61%
Special Education Instruction	4,041,883	3,664,048	10.31%	476,404	653,988	-27.15%
Instructional Support Services	1,734,240	1,203,635	44.08%	1,528,959	1,029,445	48.52%
Pupil Support Services	2,805,369	2,473,004	13.44%	651,096	1,305,792	-50.14%
Sites and Buildings (including						
unallocated depreciation)	3,785,581	3,073,556	23.17%	3,320,440	2,641,950	25.68%
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	320,202	267,993	19.48%	320,202	267,993	19.48%
Food Service	1,931,326	1,626,463	18.74%	142,450	171,351	-16.87%
Community Education and Services	1,623,948	1,480,838	9.66%	360,448	220,751	63.28%
Interest and fiscal charges on						
Long-term debt	307,429	369,529	-16.81%	307,429	369,529	-16.81%
Total	\$ 32,245,254	\$ 28,040,312	15.00%	\$ 20,525,843	\$ 18,623,733	10.21%

Table A-3Net Cost of Governmental Activities

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4,493,654 which was \$1,591,622 under last year's ending fund balance of \$6,085,276.

General Fund

The General Fund includes the primary operations of the District in providing educational services to students from kindergarten through grade 12, including pupil transportation activities and capital outlay projects.

General Fund (Continued)

Approximately 97% of General Fund operational revenue is controlled by a complex set of state funding formulas resulting in the local School Board having no meaningful authority to determine the level of resources available to the District. This includes special education state aid that is based upon a cost reimbursement model providing revenue to support approximately 69% of personnel expenditures. Other state formulas then determine what portion of the revenue will be provided by property taxes and what portion will come from state aid.

	Year	Ended	Amount of	Percent	
Fund	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	Increase (Decrease)	Increase (Decrease)	
Local sources					
Local property taxes	\$ 3,716,250	\$ 3,583,655	\$ 132,595	3.7%	
Other local and county revenues	1,242,403	1,030,231	212,172	20.6%	
State sources	21,850,421	19,963,272	1,887,149	9.5%	
Federal sources	851,543	517,682	333,861	64.5%	
Total general fund revenue	\$ 27,660,617	\$ 25,094,840	\$ 2,565,777	10.2%	

Table A-5General Fund Revenues

Total General Fund revenue increased by \$2,565,777 or 10.2%, from 2023 to 2024. Basic general education revenue is determined by multiple state formulas, largely enrollment driven and consists of an equalized mix of property tax and state aid revenue. Other state authorized revenue including operating levy referendum and the property tax shift involve an equalized mix of property tax and state aid revenue. Therefore, the proportion of property tax and state aid can change significantly from year-to-year without any net change on total revenue.

Table A-6 Summary of Governmental Funds Revenues and Expenditures

Fund	Revenue and Other Sources	Expenditures	Fund Balance Increase/(Decrease)
General Debt service Other nonmajor funds	\$ 27,660,617 2,070,911 3,246,845	\$ 28,637,314 2,085,388 3,851,423	\$ (976,697) (14,477) (604,578)
Total	\$ 32,978,373	\$ 34,574,125	\$ (1,595,752)

General Fund (Continued)

Fund balance is the single best measure of overall financial health. It is the goal of the School Board to maintain one and a half months of General Fund expenditures (excluding capital projects) as a fund balance. With a fund balance of \$1,648,098, the District was short of its target fund balance of \$3,323,591.

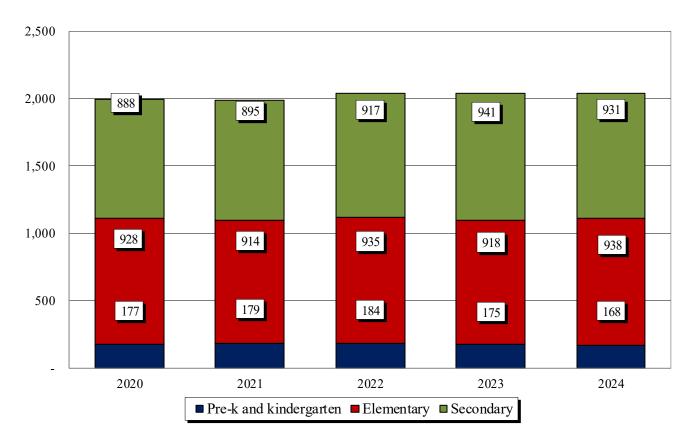
Enrollment

Enrollment is a critical factor in determining revenue with approximately 91% of General Fund revenue being determined by enrollment. Table A-4 and the accompanying graph show the number of students in the District has fluctuated over the last five years.

Adjusted Average Daily Membership (ADM)									
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024				
Pre-k and kindergarten	177	179	184	175	168				
Elementary	928	914	935	918	938				
Secondary	888	895	917	941	931				
Total students for aid	1,994	1,988	2,036	2,034	2,037				
Percentage change		-0.30%	2.42%	-0.10%	0.12%				

Table A-4Five Year Enrollment TrendAdjusted Average Daily Membership (ADM)

Enrollment (Continued)



Student Enrollment (ADM)

Over the last five years, the District has experienced an increase in ADM by 43 students, or 2.1%. This increase is a result of larger class sizes across all grade levels.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

By the end of 2024, the District had invested just over \$36 million in a broad range of capital assets; including school buildings, athletic facilities, copiers and other equipment (more detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the financial statements). Total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,547,080.

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$15,535,839 in G.O. bonds outstanding and other long-term liabilities, a decrease of 10.2% from last year (see Note 4 to financial statements for more detail).

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

With the exception of the voter approved operating referendum, the District is dependent on the State of Minnesota for revenue to run its programs and services.

Recent experience demonstrates legislated revenue increases have not been sufficient to meet instructional program needs and increased costs due to inflation.

The District will strive to maintain its long-standing commitment to academic excellence and educational opportunity for students within a framework of financial fiduciary responsibility.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District Office, Independent School District No. 876, 125 Cherry Avenue North, P.O. Box 190, Annandale, Minnesota 55302.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent School District No. 876 Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and investments	
(including cash equivalents)	\$ 7,093,685
Current property taxes receivable	2,727,960
Delinquent property taxes receivable	41,236
Accounts receivable	1,800
Interest receivable	847
Due from Department of Education Due from Federal Government through Department of Education	2,385,132 758,779
Due from other Minnesota school districts	5,430
Due from other governmental units	37,032
Inventory	13,715
Prepaid items	41,646
Equity interest in joint venture	306,615
Capital assets not being depreciated	,
Land	1,021,636
Construction in progress	20,698
Capital assets being depreciated	
Land improvements	7,138,061
Buildings and improvements	47,701,088
Machinery and equipment	2,706,347
Less accumulated depreciation	(22,209,072)
Total assets	49,792,635
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,778,767
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	4,778,787 259,386
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,038,153
Total deferred outflows of resources	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 54,830,788
Liabilities	
	\$ 549,379
Accounts and contracts payable	2,397,522
Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable	181,058
Due to other Minnesota school districts	87,965
Due to other governmental units	345
Unearned revenue	49,728
Bond principal payable (net of premium)	
Payable within one year	1,645,000
Payable after one year	13,760,374
Compensated absences payable	-,,-
Payable within one year	71,000
Payable after one year	59,465
Total OPEB liability	1,455,551
Net pension liability	18,111,240
Total liabilities	38,368,627
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property taxes levied for subsequent year's expenditures	5,487,433
Deferred amount on refunding	261,865
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	1,100,466
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	299,436
Total deferred inflows of resources	7,149,200
Net Position	
	20 711 510
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for	20,711,519
Debt service	303 300
	303,300 1,817,108
Other purposes Unrestricted	(13,518,966)
Total net position	9,312,961
rotat net position	2,312,701
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 54,830,788

Independent School District No. 876 Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenue Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities					
Administration	\$ 1,444,620	\$ 20,079	\$ 74,202	\$ -	\$ (1,350,339)
District support services	956,164	-	-	-	(956,164)
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	12,749,940	315,939	1,866,066	575	(10,567,360)
Vocational education instruction	544,552	-	-	-	(544,552)
Special education instruction	4,041,883	58,500	3,506,979	-	(476,404)
Instructional support services	1,734,240	-	204,881	400	(1,528,959)
Pupil support services	2,805,369	-	2,154,273	-	(651,096)
Sites and buildings	2,474,203	-	-	465,141	(2,009,062)
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	320,202	-	-	-	(320,202)
Food service	1,931,326	121,863	1,667,013	-	(142,450)
Community education and services	1,623,948	1,128,292	126,208	9,000	(360,448)
Unallocated depreciation	1,311,378	-	-	-	(1,311,378)
Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt	307,429	-	-	-	(307,429)
Total governmental activities	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	\$ 32,245,254	\$ 1,644,673	\$ 9,599,622	\$ 475,116	(20,525,843)
	General revenues	S			
	Taxes				
		axes, levied for g			3,714,734
	Property t	171,509			
	Property t	axes, levied for d	ebt service		1,937,531
	State aid-forn	nula grants			15,154,940
	Other general	l revenues			208,471
	Investment in	come			142,825
	Gain of sale o	of assets			4,130
	Total g	eneral revenues			21,334,140
	Change in net po				808,297
	Net position - be	ginning			8,157,902
	Change in accour	nting principle (No	ote 10)		346,762
	Net position - be		,		8,504,664
	Net position - end	ding			\$ 9,312,961

Independent School District No. 876 Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		General	De	ebt Service	Other Nonmajor Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	4,853,027	\$	1,551,555	\$ 689,103	\$	7,093,685
Current property taxes receivable		1,634,483		1,005,505	87,972		2,727,960
Delinquent property taxes receivable		25,238		14,750	1,248		41,236
Accounts receivable		1,800		-	-		1,800
Interest receivable		-		-	847		847
Due from Department of Education		2,217,586		10,586	156,960		2,385,132
Due from Federal Government		(<u>-</u>					
through Department of Education		657,335		-	101,444		758,779
Due from other Minnesota school districts		-		-	5,430		5,430
Due from other governmental units		37,032		-	-		37,032
Inventory		2,197		-	11,518		13,715
Prepaid items		41,646		-	 -		41,646
Total assets	\$	9,470,344	\$	2,582,396	\$ 1,054,522	\$	13,107,262
Liabilities							
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	523,528	\$	-	\$ 25,851	\$	549,379
Salaries and benefits payable		2,282,349		-	115,173		2,397,522
Due to other Minnesota school districts		87,965		-	-		87,965
Due to other governmental units		345		-	-		345
Unearned revenue		9,658		-	40,070		49,728
Total liabilities		2,903,845		-	 181,094	_	3,084,939
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes levied							
for subsequent year's expenditures		3,195,840		2,098,038	193,555		5,487,433
Unavailable revenue - delinquent property taxes		25,238		14,750	1,248		41,236
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	3,221,078		2,112,788	 194,803		5,528,669
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		43,843		-	11,518		55,361
Restricted		1,137,235		469,608	667,107		2,273,950
Committed		326,636		-	-		326,636
Assigned		189,609		-	-		189,609
Unassigned		1,648,098		-	-		1,648,098
Total fund balances		3,345,421		469,608	 678,625	_	4,493,654
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and fund balances	\$	9,470,344	\$	2,582,396	\$ 1,054,522	\$	13,107,262

Independent School District No. 876 Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position - Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 4,493,654
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	
Cost of capital assets	58,587,830
Less accumulated depreciation	(22,209,072)
Equity interests in underlying capital assets of joint ventures are not reported in the funds because they do not represent current financial assets.	
Equity interest in joint venture - Wright Technical Center	306,615
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	
Bond principal payable	(13,945,000)
Deferred amount on refunding	(261,865)
Premium on bonds payable	(1,460,374)
Compensated absences payable	(130,465)
Total OPEB liability	(1,455,551)
Net pension liability	(18,111,240)
Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are created as a result of various	
differences related to pensions and OPEB that are not recognized in the governmental funds.	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	4,778,767
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,100,466)
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	259,386
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(299,436)
Delinquent property tax receivables will be collected in subsequent years, but are not available	
soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	41,236
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest on bonds until due and payable.	(181,058)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 9,312,961

Independent School District No. 876 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

D	General	Debt Service	Other Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	Ċ 2.74/ 250	Č 4 027 524	Č 474 E00	
Local property taxes	\$ 3,716,250	\$ 1,937,531	\$ 171,509	\$ 5,825,290
Other local and county revenues	1,242,403	27,518	1,161,182	2,431,103
Revenue from state sources	21,850,421	105,862	1,043,920	23,000,203
Revenue from federal sources	851,543	-	748,468	1,600,011
Sales and other conversion of assets	-	-	121,766	121,766
Total revenues	27,660,617	2,070,911	3,246,845	32,978,373
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration	1,500,980	<u>.</u>	-	1,500,980
District support services	907,055	_	_	907,055
Elementary and secondary regular	<i>707</i> ,033	-		907,055
instruction	13,490,082	_	_	13,490,082
Vocational education instruction	565,052			565,052
Special education instruction	4,149,407			4,149,407
Instructional support services	1,759,201			1,759,201
Pupil support services	2,829,316	-	-	2,829,316
Sites and buildings	2,419,192	-	-	2,829,310
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	320,202	-	-	320,202
Food service	320,202	-	۔ 1,870,199	1,870,199
	-	-	1,621,927	1,621,927
Community education and services	-	-	1,021,927	1,021,927
Capital outlay	20.944			20.944
District support services	20,844	-	-	20,844
Elementary and secondary regular	140.079			1 40 079
instruction	149,978	-	-	149,978
Instructional support services	14,097	-	-	14,097
Sites and buildings	459,098	-	-	459,098
Food service	-	-	355,521	355,521
Community education and services	-	-	3,776	3,776
Debt service	44 500	4 505 000		4 (24 520
Principal	46,529	1,585,000	-	1,631,529
Interest and fiscal charges	6,281	500,388	-	506,669
Total expenditures	28,637,314	2,085,388	3,851,423	34,574,125
Excess of revenues under expenditures	(976,697)	(14,477)	(604,578)	(1,595,752)
Other Financing Sources				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	1,073	-	3,057	4,130
roceeds nom sale of capital assets	1,075		5,057	-,150
Net change in fund balances	(975,624)	(14,477)	(601,521)	(1,591,622)
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year	4,321,045	484,085	1,280,146	6,085,276
End of year	\$ 3,345,421	\$ 469,608	\$ 678,625	\$ 4,493,654

Independent School District No. 876 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (1,591,622)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	1,431,635 (1,547,080)
Compensated absences payable and OPEB payable are recognized as paid in the governmental funds but recognized as the expense is incurred in the Statement of Activities.	77,218
Principal payments on long-term debt are recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds but have no effect on the change in net position in the Statement of Activities.	1,585,000
Net gain (loss) from equity interest in joint venture does not involve current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.	37,819
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due and thus requires use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	23,132
Governmental funds report the effect of bond premiums and deferred amounts on refunding when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.	222,637
Governmental Funds recognized pension contributions as expenditures at the time of payment whereas the Statement of Activities factors in items related to pensions on a full accrual perspective.	571,074
Delinquent property tax receivables will be collected in subsequent years, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	 (1,516)
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 808,297

Independent School District No. 876 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgetee	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Over (Under)	
Revenues					
Local property taxes	\$ 3,672,204	\$ 3,685,373	\$ 3,716,250	\$ 30,877	
Other local and county revenues	729,500	884,500	1,242,403	357,903	
Revenue from state sources	20,892,231	21,961,396	21,850,421	(110,975)	
Revenue from federal sources	775,936	775,936	851,543	75,607	
Total revenues	26,069,871	27,307,205	27,660,617	353,412	
Expenditures					
Current					
Administration	1,413,811	1,496,186	1,500,980	4,794	
District support services	1,066,946	1,086,109	907,055	(179,054)	
Elementary and secondary regular					
instruction	12,954,372	13,662,325	13,490,082	(172,243)	
Vocational education instruction	576,475	554,974	565,052	10,078	
Special education instruction	4,019,769	4,376,836	4,149,407	(227,429)	
Instructional support services	1,177,216	1,328,650	1,759,201	430,551	
Pupil support services	2,384,472	2,617,789	2,829,316	211,527	
Sites and buildings	2,121,312	2,269,289	2,419,192	149,903	
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	316,000	316,000	320,202	4,202	
Capital outlay					
District support services	22,000	20,500	20,844	344	
Elementary and secondary regular					
Instruction	158,644	153,193	149,978	(3,215)	
Instructional support services	29,350	13,870	14,097	227	
Sites and buildings	838,973	371,638	459,098	87,460	
Debt service					
Principal	-	55,000	46,529	(8,471)	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	5,000	6,281	1,281	
Total expenditures	27,079,340	28,327,359	28,637,314	309,955	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,009,469)	(1,020,154)	(976,697)	43,457	
Other Financing Sources					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			1,073	1,073	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,009,469)	\$ (1,020,154)	(975,624)	\$ 44,530	
Fund Balances					
Beginning of year			4,321,045		
End of year			\$ 3,345,421		

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The District operates under a school board form of government for the purpose of providing educational services to individuals within the District areas. The governing body consists of a six member board elected by the voters of the District to serve four-year terms.

The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements present the District and its component units. The District includes all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that are not legally separate from such. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the District are financially accountable and are included within the basic financial statements of the District because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the District.

The District is considered financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on the organization by significantly influencing the programs, projects, activities or level of services performed or provided by the organization, or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

As a result of applying the component unit definition criteria above, it has been determined the District has no component units.

The student activity accounts of the District are under School Board control and are reported in the General Fund.

1. Joint Ventures

A joint venture is a legal entity or other organization that results from a contracted agreement and that is owned, operated, or governed by two or more participants as a separate and specific activity subject to joint control. The participants retain either an ongoing financial interest or an ongoing financial responsibility. The District participates in one joint venture. A description of this organization is included in Note 9.

B. Basic Financial Statement Information

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the District.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Basic Financial Statement Information (Continued)

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. Depreciation expense that can be specifically identified by function is included in the direct expenses of that function. Depreciation expense relating to assets that serve multiple functions is presented as unallocated depreciation in the Statement of Activities. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately in the Statement of Activities. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied is determined by its measurement focus and basis of accounting. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting transactions are recorded in the following manner.

1. Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenue is generally considered as available if collected within 60 days after year-end. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to *Minnesota Statutes* and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. *Minnesota Statutes* include state aid funding formulas for specific years. Federal revenue is recorded in the year in which the related expenditure is made. Other revenue is considered available if collected within 60 days.

2. Recording of Expenditures

Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred. The exceptions to this general rule are interest and principal expenditures in the Debt Service Fund, compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when payment is due.

The District applies resources in the following order when an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned, not including operating capital.

Description of Funds:

Major Funds:

General Fund - This fund is the basic operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Independent School District No. 876 Notes to Basic Financial Statements

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Description of Funds: (Continued)

Major Funds: (Continued)

Debt Service Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, (G.O.) bond principal, interest, and related costs.

Nonmajor Funds:

Food Service Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for food service revenues and expenditures.

Community Service Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for services provided to residents in the areas of community education, school readiness, early childhood and family education or other similar services.

Capital Project Fund - This fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

D. Deposits and Investments

Cash and investments include balances from all funds and are combined and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by state law. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the individual funds based on the average of month-end cash and investment balances.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments held by investment pools are measured at amortized cost.

Cash and investments at June 30, 2024, were comprised of deposits, and various investments as outlined in Note 2.B.

Minnesota Statutes requires all deposits be protected by federal depository insurance, corporate surety bonds, and collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance or corporate surety bonds.

Minnesota Statutes authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies, and instrumentalities, share of investment companies whose only investments are in the aforementioned securities, obligations of the State of Minnesota or its municipalities, bankers' acceptances, future contracts, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements and commercial paper of the highest quality with a maturity of no longer than 270 days.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, the various MSDLAF and MNTrust securities are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals from the MSDLAF or MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio. Monthly withdrawals are available on the third Wednesday of each month upon at least two weeks notice for the MNTrust Limited Term Duration.

E. Property Tax Receivable

Current property taxes receivable are recorded for taxes certified the previous December and collectible in the current calendar year, which have not been received by the District. Delinquent property taxes receivable represent uncollected taxes for the past six years and are deferred and included in the deferred inflows of resources section of the fund financial statements as unavailable revenue because they are not available to finance the operations of the District in the current year.

F. Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year's Expenditures

Property taxes levied for subsequent year's expenditures consist principally of property taxes levied in the current year which will be collected and recognized as revenue in the District's following fiscal year to properly match those revenues with the budgeted expenditures for which they were levied. This amount is equal to the amount levied by the School Board in December 2023, less various components, and their related adjustments as mandated by the state. These portions of that levy were recognized as revenue in fiscal year 2024. The remaining portion of the levy will be recognized when measurable and available.

G. Inventories

Inventories of commodities donated directly by the U.S. Department of Agriculture are recorded at market value. Other inventories are stated at cost as determined on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. Inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

H. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are recorded as an expenditure at the time of consumption.

I. Property Taxes

The District levies its property tax during the month of December. December 28 is the last day the District can certify a tax levy to the County Auditor. Such taxes become a lien on January 1. The property tax is recorded as revenue when it becomes measurable and available. Meeker, Stearns, and Wright Counties are the collecting agencies for the levy and remit the collections to the District three times a year. The Tax levy notice is mailed in March with the first half of the payment due on May 15 and the second half due on October 15. Delinquent collections for November and December are received the following January.

A portion of property taxes levied is paid by the State of Minnesota through various tax credits, which are included in revenue from state sources in the financial statements.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

J. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 or aggregate items with a cost greater than \$50,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at its acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the half year convention method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public school purpose by the District, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purpose. Useful lives vary from 20 to 50 years for land improvements and buildings and improvements and 3 to 20 years for machinery and equipment.

Capital assets not being depreciated include land and the construction in progress. The District does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets, such as sidewalks and parking lots. Such items are considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other improvable property.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, and deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions is recorded for various estimate differences that will be amortized and recognized over future years. Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB is recorded for various estimate differences that will be amortized and recognized over future years.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has five types of items which qualify for reporting in this category. The first item, unavailable revenue from property taxes, arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Delinquent property taxes not collected within 60 days of yearend are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the governmental funds in the period the amounts become available. The second item is property taxes levied for subsequent years, which represent property taxes received or reported as a receivable before the period for which the taxes are levied and is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Property taxes levied for subsequent years are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements in the year for which they are levied and in the governmental fund financial statements during the year for which they are levied, if available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are recorded on the government-wide statements for various estimate differences that will be amortized and recognized over future years. Finally, a deferred amount on refunding is recorded on the government-wide Statement of Net Position for the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of the refunded debt. This amount will be amortized over the life of the new debt.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as another financing source. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing source while discounts on debt issuances are reported as another financing use. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

M. Compensated Absences, Severance, and Early Retirement Incentive Benefits Payable

1. Compensated Absences

This is accrued vacation payable earned by certain District employees at varying increments that has not been used by year-end. The vacation liability is recorded as compensated absences payable in the government-wide financial statements.

2. Early Retirement Incentive Benefits Compensated Absences

The District maintains various early retirement incentive payment plans for some of its employee groups. Each employee group plan contains benefit formulas based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. In addition, certain bargaining unit members are eligible to be compensated for unused accumulated sick leave upon termination subject to certain conditions.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's and TRA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA and TRA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

TRA has a special funding situation created by direct aid contributions made by the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Minneapolis School District. The direct aid is a result of the merger of the Minneapolis Teachers Retirement Fund Association merger into TRA in 2006. A second direct aid source is from the State of Minnesota for the merger of the Duluth Teacher's Retirement Fund Association (DTRFA) in 2015.

O. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to employees for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in the District's insurance coverage during the year ending June 30, 2024.

P. Fund Equity

1. Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that compromise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor the constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in these funds can be spent.

- Nonspendable Fund Balances These are amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form as they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact and include items that are inherently unspendable, such as, but not limited to, inventories and prepaid items.
- Restricted Fund Balances These are amounts that are comprised of funds that have legally enforceable constraints placed on their use that either are externally imposed by resource providers or creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, voters, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Fund Balances These are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action by majority vote of the School Board.
- Assigned Fund Balances These are amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The School Board, by a majority vote, may assign balances. The School Board also delegates authority to assign fund balances to the Superintendent or Business Manager.

P. Fund Equity (Continued)

1. Classifications (Continued)

Unassigned Fund Balances - These are amounts that are the residual amounts in the General Fund not reported in any other classification. Unassigned amounts in the General Fund are technically available for expenditure for any purpose. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other funds would report a negative unassigned fund balance should the total of nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balances exceed the total net resources of that fund.

2. Minimum Fund Balance

Minimum Fund Balance Policy - The District shall strive to maintain a General Fund unassigned fund balance of one and a half months of operating expenditures.

Q. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted in the government-wide financial statement when there are limitations on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

R. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

S. Budgetary Information

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to July 1, the School Superintendent submits to the School Board, a proposed operating budget for the year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. The Superintendent is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the School Board.
- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, Special Revenue, Capital Project, and Debt Service Funds and are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 4. Budgets are as originally adopted or as amended by the School Board. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits

In accordance with applicable *Minnesota Statutes*, the District maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the District's School Board.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District has a policy in place to address custodial credit risk for deposits, stating all deposits must be in compliance with *Minnesota Statutes* § 118A. The District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk because it was insured and fully collateralized with securities held by pledging financial institutions trust department or agent and in the District's name.

As of June 30, 2024, the District had the following pooled deposits:

Checking Savings Certificates of deposit	\$ 3,388,215 191,762 969,378
Total deposits	\$ 4,549,355

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2024, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Fair /alue	 Maturities 0-1 Year	Rating
investment	 alue		Ratilig
Pooled			
MSDLAF	\$ 2,050	\$ 2,050	AAA
Negotiable CDs	248,523	248,523	N/A
MN Trust Limited Term Duration	1,123,927	1,123,927	N/A
MN Trust Flex SDA	445,429	445,429	N/A
MN Trust Investment Shares Portfolio	 724,001	 724,001	AAA
Total pooled investments	\$ 2,543,930	\$ 2,543,930	

Credit Risk: This is the risk an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. *Minnesota Statutes* §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05 limit investments in the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investment policy limits its investments to those specified in these Statutes. Investments are rated as indicated in the table on the previous page.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk: This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a District's investment in a single issuer. The District's investment policy states the District will attempt to diversify their investments to avoid incurring unreasonable risks inherent in over investing in specific instruments, individual financial institutions, or maturities. The policy states investment maturities shall be scheduled to coincide with projected District cash flow needs. Portfolio maturities shall be staggered to avoid undue concentration of assets and a specific maturity sector. The policy does not state the maximum percentage of the District's investment portfolio that may be invested in a single type of investment instrument. Investments in Connexus Credit Union (7.19%) exceeded 5% of pooled investments at June 30, 2024.

Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that the market value of securities in a portfolio would decrease due to changes in market interest rates. The District's investments policy states the District shall manage investments in a manner to attain a market rate of return through various economic and budgetary cycles, while preserving and protecting the capital in the investment portfolio and taking into account constraints on risk and cash flow requirements.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments: This is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments of securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy states all investments shall be held in third party safekeeping by an institution designated as custodial agent.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

\$248,523 are valued using a matrix pricing model (Level 2 inputs)

C. Deposits and Investments

Summary of total cash, deposits, and investments as of June 30, 2024:

Petty Cash Deposits - pooled (Note 2.A.)	\$ 400 4,549,355
Deposits - nonpooled (Note 2.A.) Investments - pooled (Note 2.B.)	 2,543,930
Total deposits and investments	\$ 7,093,685

Cash and investments are presented in the June 30, 2024, basic financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position Cash and investments

\$ 7,093,685

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

		ginning alance		counting Change		Increases	De	ecreases		Ending Balance
Governmental activities										
Capital assets not										
being depreciated										
Land	\$	1,021,636	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,021,636
Construction in progress		387,008		-		455,676		821,986		20,698
Total capital assets								004 004		4 9 49 99 4
not being depreciated		1,408,644		-		455,676		821,986		1,042,334
Capital assets										
being depreciated										
Land improvements		6,063,672		-		1,074,389		-		7,138,061
Buildings and improvements	4	17,597,642		-		103,446		-		47,701,088
Machinery and equipment		1,799,196		346,762		620,110		59,721		2,706,347
Total capital assets										
being depreciated	5	5,460,510		346,762		1,797,945		59,721		57,198,734
Less accumulated										
depreciation for										
Land improvements		2,041,481		-		284,440		-		2,325,921
Buildings and improvements	1	7,529,931		-		1,079,399		-		18,609,330
Machinery and equipment		1,150,301		-		183,241		59,721		1,273,821
Total accumulated										
depreciation	2	20,721,713		-		1,547,080		59,721		22,209,072
Total capital assets being										
depreciation, net	3	84,738,797		346,762		250,865		-		34,989,662
Governmental activities,		· · · · · · · ·	•		•					24 024 025
capital assets, net	\$ 3	86,147,441	\$	346,762	Ş	706,541	Ş	821,986	Ş	36,031,996

Depreciation expense of \$1,547,080 for the year ended June 30, 2024, was charged to the following governmental functions:

Administration	\$ 2,377
Elemementary/Secondary Ed	99,309
Instructional Support Services	2,661
Food Service	37,971
Sites and Buildings	93,384
Unallocated	 1,311,378
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,547,080

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Components of Long-Term Liabilities

	lssue Date	Interest Rates	Original Issue	Final Maturity	Principal Outstanding	Due Within One Year
G.O. Bonds						
2016A School Building Bonds	02/18/16	2.00%-2.50%	\$ 3,905,000	02/01/30	\$ 2,260,000	\$ 370,000
2020A Building Refundings Bonds	11/05/20	2.00%-4.00%	15,400,000	02/01/32	11,685,000	1,275,000
Total G.O. Bonds					13,945,000	1,645,000
Bond Premium					1,460,374	-
Total G.O. Bonds, net of unamortized premium					15,405,374	1,645,000
Compensated absences					130,465	71,000
Total long-term liabilities					\$ 15,535,839	\$ 1,716,000

The long-term bond liabilities listed above were issued to finance acquisition and construction of capital facilities or to refinance (refund) previous bond issues. Bond principal will be repaid from the Debt Service Fund and compensated absences will be paid from the General Fund.

B. Minimum Debt Payments for Bonds

Minimum annual principal and interest payments required to retire the bond liabilities:

Year Ending	G.O. Bonds							
June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total			
2025	\$ 1,645,00	DO \$	439,888	\$	2,084,888			
2026	1,705,0	00	380,563		2,085,563			
2027	1,760,00	00	318,925		2,078,925			
2028	1,825,0	00	255,263		2,080,263			
2029	1,855,0	00	189,175		2,044,175			
2030-2032	5,155,00	00	217,850		5,372,850			
Total	\$ 13,945,00	<u> </u>	1,801,664	\$	15,746,664			

C. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

		Beginning					Ending
	Balance		Additions		Reductions		Balance
Long-term liabilities							
Bonds payable	\$	15,530,000	\$	-	\$	1,585,000	\$ 13,945,000
Bonds premium		1,645,601		-		185,227	1,460,374
Compensated absences		118,033		140,857		128,425	 130,465
Long term liabilities	\$	17,293,634	\$	140,857	\$	1,898,652	\$ 15,535,839

NOTE 5 - FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION

Certain portions of fund balance are reserved based on state requirements to track special program funding, to provide for funding on certain long-term liabilities or as required by other outside parties.

Fund Equity

Fund equity balances are classified below and on the following page to reflect the limitations and restrictions of the respective funds.

			Other	
	General	Debt	Nonmajor	
	Fund	Service	Funds	Total
Nonspendable for				
Inventory	\$ 2,197	\$ -	\$ 11,518	\$ 13,715
Prepaid items	41,646	-	-	41,646
Total nonspendable	43,843	-	11,518	55,361
Restricted/Reserved for				
Student Activities	274,783	-	-	274,783
Scholarships	280,301	-	-	280,301
Student Support Personnel	40,000	-	-	40,000
Area Learning Center	21,684	-	-	21,684
Operating Capital	1,330	-	-	1,330
Literacy Incentive Aid	112,772	-	-	112,772
Long-Term Facilities				
Maintenance	406,365	-	-	406,365
Community Education	-	-	262,517	262,517
School Readiness	-	-	170,663	170,663
Fund Purpose	<u> </u>	469,608	233,927	703,535
Total restricted/				
reserved	1,137,235	469,608	667,107	2,273,950
Committed for				
Separation Benefits	326,636		<u> </u>	326,636
Assigned for				
Q-Compensation	189,609		<u> </u>	189,609
Unassigned for				
General Purpose	1,648,098		<u> </u>	1,648,098
Total fund balance	\$ 3,345,421	\$ 469,608	\$ 678,625	\$ 4,493,654

Nonspendable for Inventory - This balance represents the portion of fund balance that is not available as amounts have already been spent on inventory.

NOTE 5 - FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

Fund Equity (Continued)

Nonspendable for Prepaid Items - This balance represents the portion of fund balance that is not available as the amounts have already been spent by the District on items for the next year.

Restricted/Reserved for Student Activities - This balance represents available resources to be used for the extracurricular activity funds raised by the students.

Restricted/Reserved for Literacy Incentive Aid - This balance represents the resources available to support implementation of evidence-based reading instruction.

Restricted/Reserved for Student Support Personnel Aid - This balance represents available resources to be used for student support personnel that are in addition to current staff levels.

Restricted/Reserved for Scholarships - This balance represents available resources for the scholarship funds.

Restricted/Reserved for Staff Development - This balance represents unspent staff development revenues set aside from general education revenue that were restricted/reserved for staff development related to Finance code 316. Expenditures for staff development must equal at least 2% of the basic general education revenue, unless legal stipulations are met (*Minnesota Statutes* § 122A.61, subd.1).

Restricted/Reserved for Area Learning Center - This balance represents amounts restricted for students attending area learning centers. Each district that sends students to an area learning center must restrict an amount equal to the sum of 1) at least 90 and no more than 100% of the district average General Education Revenue per adjusted pupil unit minus an amount equal to the product of the formula allowance according to *Minnesota Statutes* § 126C.10, subd. 2, times .0466, calculated without basic skills revenue, local optional revenue, and transportation sparsity revenue, times the number of pupil units attending a state-approved area learning center, plus (2) the amount of basic skills revenue generated by pupils attending the area learning center. The amount restricted may only be spent on program costs associated with the area learning center.

Restricted/Reserved for Operating Capital - This balance represents available resources in the General Fund to be used to purchase equipment and facilities.

Restricted/Reserved for Long-Term Facilities Maintenance (LTFM) - This balance represents available resources to be used for LTFM projects in accordance with the ten year plan (*Minnesota Statutes* § 123B.595, subd. 12).

Restricted/Reserved for Community Education - This balance represents the resources available to provide programming such as: nonvocational, recreational and leisure time activities, programs for adults with disabilities, noncredit summer programs, youth development and youth service programming, early childhood and family education, and extended day programs.

Restricted/Reserved for School Readiness - This balance represents the resources available to provide for services for school readiness programs (*Minnesota Statutes* § 124D.16).

NOTE 5 - FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

Fund Equity (Continued)

Restricted for Fund Purpose - This balance represents the accumulation of the activity to provide the food service program, debt service costs and construction costs.

Committed for Separation Benefits - This balance represents the resources set aside for the payment of retirement benefits.

Assigned for Q-Compensation - This balance represents resources set aside for payments required through the teachers' Q-Compensation Program.

Net Position

Net position restricted for other purposes on the Statement of Net Position is comprised of the total positive restricted net position of the General Fund, Food Service, and Community Service Funds.

NOTE 6 - COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2023, the District had outstanding commitments totaling \$161,409 for various projects.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE

The District participates in various pension plans. Total pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2023, was (\$1,005,471). The components of pension expense are noted in the following plan summaries.

The General Fund typically liquidates the Liability related to the pensions.

Teachers' Retirement Association

A. Plan Description

The Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) is an administrator of a multiple employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit retirement fund. TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (with Social Security coverage) in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes* Chapters 354 and 356. TRA is a separate statutory entity and administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board consists of four active members, one retired member, and three statutory officials.

Educators employed in Minnesota's public elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, and certain other TRA-covered educational institutions maintained by the state are required to be TRA members (except those teachers employed by St. Paul Schools or Minnesota State Colleges and Universities). Educators first hired by Minnesota State may elect either TRA coverage or coverage through the Defined Contribution Plan (DCP) administered by Minnesota State.

B. Benefits Provided

TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by *Minnesota Statute* and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Teachers' Retirement Association (Continued)

B. Benefits Provided (Continued)

Two methods are used to compute benefits for TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II benefits as described.

Tier I Benefits

Tier I	Step Rate Formula	Percentage
Basic	First ten years of service	2.2% per year
	All years after	2.7% per year
Coordinated	First ten years if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.2% per year
	First ten years if service years are July 1, 2006, or after	1.4% per year
	All other years of service if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.7% per year
	All other years of service if service years are July 1, 2006, or after	1.9% per year

With these provisions:

- Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- 3% per year early retirement reduction factor for all years under normal retirement age.
- Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule of 90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

Or

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7% per year for coordinated members and 2.7% per year for basic members is applied. For years of service July 1, 2006, and after, a level formula of 1.9% per year for Coordinated members and 2.7% for Basic members applies. Beginning July 1, 2015, the early retirement reduction factors are based on rates established under *Minnesota Statute*. Smaller reductions, more favorable to the member, will be applied to individuals who reach age 62 and have 30 years or more of service credit.

Tier II Benefits

Members first employed after June 30, 1989, receive only the Tier II calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Teachers' Retirement Association (Continued)

B. Benefits Provided (Continued)

Tier II Benefits (Continued)

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree - no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

The benefit provisions stated apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them are bound by the plan provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

C. Contribution Rate

Per *Minnesota Statutes* Chapter 354 sets the contribution rates for employees and employers. Rates for each fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2024, were:

	June 30, 2022		June 30	0, 2023	June 30, 2024		
	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer	
Deste				43 FF 0/			
Basic	11.0 %	12.34 %	11.0 %	12.55 %	11.3 %	12.75 %	
Coordinated	7.5	8.34	7.5	8.55	7.8	8.75	

The following is a reconciliation of employer contributions in TRA's fiscal year 2023 ACFR "Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position" to the employer contributions used in *Schedule of Employer and Non-Employer Pension Allocations*. Amounts are reported in thousands.

Employer contributions reported in TRA's ACFR Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 508,764
Employer contributions not related to future contribution efforts	(87)
TRA's contributions not included in allocation	 (643)
Total employer contributions	508,034
Total non-employer contributions	 35,587
Total contributions reported in Schedule of Employer and Non-Employer Allocations	\$ 543,621

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Teachers' Retirement Association (Continued)

C. Contribution Rate (Continued)

Amounts reported in the allocation schedules may not precisely agree with financial statement amounts or actuarial valuations due to the number of decimal places used in the allocations. TRA has rounded percentage amounts to the nearest ten thousandths.

D. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Key Methods and A	ssumptions Used in Valuation of Total Pension Liability
Actuarial Information	
Valuation date	July 1, 2023
Measurement date	June 30, 2023
Experience study	June 28, 2019 (demographic and economic assumptions)
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial assumptions	
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Price inflation	2.50%
Wage growth rate	2.85% before July 1, 2028, and 3.25% after June 30, 2028.
Projected salary increase	2.85% to 8.85% before July, 1, 2028, and 3.25% to 9.25% after June 30, 2028.
Cost of living adjustment	1.0% for January 2019 through January 2023, then increasing by 0.1% each year up to 1.5% annually.
Mortality Assumptions	
Pre-retirement	RP 2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back five years and female rates set back seven years. Generational projection uses the MP 2015 scale.
Post-retirement	RP 2014 white collar annuitant table, male rates set back three years and female rates set back three years, with further adjustments of the rates. Generational projections uses the MP 2015 scale.
Post-disability	RP 2014 disabled retiree mortality table, without adjustment.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Teachers' Retirement Association (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	33.5 %	5.10 %
International stocks	16.5	5.30
Fixed income	25.0	0.75
Private markets	25.0	5.90
Total	100.0 %	

The TRA actuary has determined the average of the expected remaining service lives of all members for fiscal year 2023 is six years. The "Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience," "Changes of Assumptions," and "Changes in Proportion" use the amortization period of six years in the schedule presented. The amortization period for "Net Difference between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments" is five years as required by GASB 68.

Changes in actuarial assumptions since the 2022 valuation:

The 2023 Tax Finance and Policy Bill effective July 1, 2025:

- The employer contribution rate will increase from 8.75% to 9.5% on July 1, 2025.
- The employee contribution rate will increase from 7.75% to 8% on July 1, 2025.
- The pension adjustment rate for school districts and the base budgets for Minnesota State, Perpich Center for Arts Education, and Minnesota Academics will increase to reflect the 0.75% employer contribution rate increase.

The 2024 Omnibus Pensions and Retirement Bill:

- The Normal Retirement Age (NRA) for active and eligible deferred Tier II members will be 65 effective July 1, 2024.
- TRA's amortization date will remain the same at 2048.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Teachers' Retirement Association (Continued)

E. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the fiscal year 2023 contribution rate, contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates (actuarially determined), and contributions from the state will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was not used in the determination of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR).

F. Net Pension Liability

On June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$15,315,296 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to TRA in relation to total system contributions including direct aid from the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Minneapolis School District. District proportionate share was 0.1855% at the end of the measurement period and 0.1818% for the beginning of the year.

The pension liability amount reflected a reduction due to direct aid provided to TRA. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 15,315,296
State's proportionate share of the net pension	
liability associated with the District	1,072,847

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of (\$518,512). Included in this amount, the District recognized \$151,065 as pension expense for the support provided by direct aid.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Teachers' Retirement Association (Continued)

F. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

On June 30, 2024, the District had deferred resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	141,393	\$	216,932
Net collective difference between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investment		28,756		-
Changes of assumptions		1,692,626		-
Changes in proportion		852,712		-
Contributions to TRA subsequent to the measurement date		1,110,944		-
Total	\$	3,826,431	\$	216,932

The \$1,110,944 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions to TRA subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows of resources) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Exp	nsion ense ount
2025	\$	471,562
2026		241,125
2027	1,	,860,693
2028		(96,180)
2029		21,355
Total	<u>\$ 2,</u>	,498,555

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Teachers' Retirement Association (Continued)

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0% as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percent lower (6.0%) and 1 percent higher (8.0%) than the current rate.

District Proportionate Share of NPL					
1% Decrease in	Current	1% Increase in			
Discount Rate	Discount Rate				
(6.0%)	(7.0%)	(8.0%)			
\$ 24,426,770	\$ 15,315,296	\$ 7,856,444			

The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer contributions to TRA in relation to TRA's total employer contributions including direct aid contributions from the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Minneapolis School District.

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TRA financial report. That can be obtained at www.minnesotatra.org, or by writing to TRA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400, St. Paul, MN, 55103-4000, or by calling (651) 296-2409 or (800) 657-3669.

Public Employees' Retirement Association

A. Plan Description

The District participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. PERA's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes* Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plan is a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Retirement Plan

The General Employees Retirement Plan covers certain full time and part time employees of the District. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

B. Benefits Provided (Continued)

General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1 the annuity accrual rate for a Coordinated Plan member is 1.2% for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7% for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7% for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50% of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1.0% and a maximum of 1.5%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. In 2023, legislation repealed the statute delaying increases for members retiring before full retirement age.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 set the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.5% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2024 and the District was required to contribute 7.5% for Coordinated Plan members. The District's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended June 30, 2024, were \$314,189. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

D. Pension Costs

General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$2,795,944 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The District's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the State's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District totaled \$19,052.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

General Employees Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022, through June 30, 2023, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The District's proportionate share was 0.05% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0483% for the beginning of the period.

School's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 2,795,944
State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension	
liability associated with the School	 19,052
Total	\$ 2,814,996

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$486,959 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. Included in this amount, the District recognized \$347 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and its contributions subsequent to the measurement date, from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred Itflows of esources	- Ir	Deferred Inflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	91,070	\$	18,336
Changes in actuarial assumptions		431,151		766,345
Net collective difference between projected and actual				
investments earnings		-		95,855
Change in proportion		115,926		2,998
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to the measurement				
date		314,189		-
Total	\$	952,336	\$	883,534

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

General Employees Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

The \$314,189 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Pension Expense Amount	
2025	\$ 95,0)61
2026	(366,5	60)
2027	86,7	64
2028	(60,6	52)
Total	\$ (245,3	87)

E. Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	33.5 %	5.10 %
International stocks	16.5	5.30
Private markets	25.0	5.90
Fixed income	25.0	0.75
Total	100.0 %	

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 7.5%. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 7.5% was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25% for the General Employees Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25% for the General Employees.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25% after one year of service to 3.0% after 27 years of service.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. The table is adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2022. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2023, actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2023:

General Employees Fund:

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5% to 7.0%. Changes in Plan Provisions

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5% minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2023 was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in *Minnesota Statutes*. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 7 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - STATE-WIDE (CONTINUED)

Public Employees' Retirement Association (Continued)

H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Decrease in		Current		Increase in	
	Dis	scount Rate	Discount Rate		t Rate Discount Rate Discount		iscount Rate
		(6.0%)	(7.0%)		(8.0%)		
District's proportionate share of							
the PERA net pension liability	\$	4,946,250	\$	2,795,944	\$	1,027,236	

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the General Employees Fund's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org.

NOTE 8 - POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN

A. Plan Description

The District's defined benefit OPEB plan provides a single employer defined benefit health care plan to eligible retirees. The plan offers medical, dental, and life coverage. Medical and dental coverage is administered by Health Partners and life insurance coverage is administered by ReliaStar. It is the District's policy to periodically review its medical coverage and to obtain requests for proposals in order to provide the most favorable benefits and premiums for District employees and retirees. No assets are acclimated in a trust.

B. Benefits Provided

Teachers hired prior to July 1, 2012, who apply for early retirement shall remain eligible to receive certain health insurance benefits until the teacher becomes Medicare eligible. Full vesting of such amounts occurs upon attaining 55 years of age and 3 years of service. The General Fund typically liquidates the Liability related to OPEB.

Additionally, the District provides certain classes of employees retiring at age 55 with 3 years of service, a contribution to a Health Care Savings Plan account in the amount of \$150 to \$300 per year of service.

Principals receive full single dental coverage and full life insurance premium for face value of \$150,000 until Medicare eligible.

NOTE 8 - POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

C. Members

As of July 1, 2023, the following were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	13
Active employees	199
Total	212

D. Contributions

Retirees contribute to the health care plan at the same rate as District employees. This results in the retirees receiving an implicit rate subsidy. Contribution requirements are established by the District, based on the contract terms. The required contributions are based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For the year 2024, the District contributed \$127,640 to the plan.

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023, using the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method and the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Key Methods and Assumptions Used in Valuation of Total OPEB Liability

Discount rate	3.90%
Salary increases	Service graded table
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare cost trend increases	6.50% decreasing to 5.00% over 6 years and
	then to 4.00% over the next 54 years.
Dental trend rate	N/A
Mortality Assumption	Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-
	Weighted Mortality Tables (General,
	Teachers) with MP-2021 Generational
	Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2023, measurement date were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022.

Assumption Changes

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2020 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The percentage of future retirees not eligible for a subsidy who are assumed to continue on the District's medical plan post-employment was reduced from 50% to 30%.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.80% to 3.90%.
- These changes decreased the liability \$75,798

NOTE 8 - POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

F. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$1,455,551 was measured as of July 1, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022.

Changes in the total OPEB liability are as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability
Balances at July 1, 2023	\$ 1,446,623
Changes for the year	
Service cost	68,075
Interest	55,705
Differences between Expected and Acutal Experience	93,407
Plan Changes	(33,977)
Assumption changes	(75,798)
Benefit payments	(98,484)
Net changes	8,928
Balances at July 1, 2024	\$ 1,455,551

G. OPEB Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the District's total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.90% as well as the liability measured using 1% lower and 1% higher than the current discount rate.

	1% Decrease in		Current		1% Increase in	
	Discount Rate		Discount Rate		Discount Rate	
	(2.90%)		(3.90%)		(4.90%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,533,321	\$	1,455,551	\$	1,378,764

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower and 1% higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease in Trend Rate			Current rend Rate	1% Increase in Trend Rate	
	Decreasing to 4.0% then 3.0%)		Decreasing to 5.0% then 4.0%)		Decreasing to 6.0% then 5.0%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	1,366,103	\$	1,455,551	\$	1,559,158

NOTE 8 - POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

H. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$37,990. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date Liability gains Liability Losses	\$	127,640 81,731	\$	- 127,127	
Changes of assumptions		50,015		172,309	
Total	\$	259,386	\$	299,436	

The \$127,640 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows of resources) will be recognized in the OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30, 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029

Thereafter

Total

\$	(167,690)

\$

(51, 813)

(51, 810)

(12, 870)

(20,005)

(20,005)

(11, 187)

NOTE 9 - JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT

The District entered into a joint powers agreement in February 1998 with Wright Technical Center No. 966 (WTC), a cooperative center for vocational education, between and among eight other independent school districts and to finance the acquisition and betterment of the addition to the existing WTC facilities.

NOTE 9 - JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT (CONTINUED)

The addition is being financed through capital lease agreements. Each participating district annually authorizes a leading levy to cover their allocated portion of the lease payment based on the formula set out in the joint powers agreement. Participating districts will also be apportioned operating costs and continuing costs for the addition based on the current cost.

Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from Wright Technical Center, 1400 Highway 25, North Buffalo, Minnesota 55313-1936.

NOTE 10 - CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued implementation Guide No. 2021-1, Implementation Guidance Update - 2021. The implementation guide contains new questions and answers that address the application of GASB standards. The guide also amends certain questions and answers issued in previous implementation guides. The answer to Question 5.1 in Implementation Guide 2021-1 has been amended to state that a government should capitalize assets whole individual acquisition costs are less than the threshold for an individual asset if those assets in the aggregate are significant.

The District has an adjustment to capital assets of \$346,762 to account for the standard required to capitalize grouped assets from prior periods.

	Reporting Unit Affe by Restatements Beginning Balance		
	Go	overnment-Wide	
	Gove	rnmental Activities	
6/30/2023 as previously reported Change in accounting principle	\$	8,157,902 346,762	
6/30/2023 as restated	\$	8,504,664	

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Independent School District No. 876 Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

	Ju	June 30, 2024		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021	
Total OPEB Liability									
Service cost	\$	68,075	\$	87,989	\$	110,593	\$	99,313	
Interest		55,705		33,658		40,045		50,724	
Differenced between expected									
and actual experience		93,407		-		(98,704)		-	
Changes of assumptions		(75,798)		(124,720)		45,776		49,945	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-	
Benefit payments		(98,484)		(129,462)		(152,117)		(205,165)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		42,905		(132,535)		(54,407)		(5,183)	
Beginning of year		1,446,623		1,579,158		1,633,565		1,638,748	
End of year	\$	1,489,528	\$	1,446,623	\$	1,579,158	\$	1,633,565	
Covered payroll	\$	12,987,231	\$	12,109,748	\$	11,757,037	\$	10,856,062	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.5%		11.9%		13.4%		15.0%	

Note: Schedule is intended to show ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

Ju	June 30, 2020		ne 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		
\$	86,605	\$	\$ 86,720		84,194	
	65,952		67,733		69,897	
	(229,032)		-		-	
	(43,566)		-		-	
	6,616		-		-	
	(200,314)		(212,999)		(227,407)	
	(313,739)		(58,546)		(73,316)	
	1,952,487		2,011,033		2,084,349	
\$	1,638,748	\$	1,952,487	\$	2,011,033	
\$	10,539,866	\$	9,454,828	\$	9,179,445	
	15.5%		20.7%		21.9 %	

Independent School District No. 876 Schedule of District's and Non-Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Last Ten Years General Employees Retirement Fund

				District's			
				Proportionate		District's	
				Share of the		Proportionate	
			District's	Net Pension		Share of the	
			Proportionate	Liability and		Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary
	District's	District's	Share of State	District's Share		Liability	Net Position
	Proportion of	Proportionate	of Minnesota's	of the State of		(Asset) as a	as a
	the Net	Share of the	Proportionated	Minnesota's	District's	Percentage of	Percentage of
For Plan's Fiscal	Pension	Net Pension	Share of the	Share of the	Covered -	its Covered -	the Total
Year Ended	Liability	Liability	Net Pension	Net Pension	Employee Payroll	Employee	Pension
June 30,	(Asset)	(Asset)	Liability	Liability Liability		Payroll	Liability
2014	0.0450%	\$ 2,113,875	ş -	\$ 2,113,875	\$ 2,360,483	89.55%	78.75%
2015	0.0424%	2,197,388	-	2,197,388	2,452,613	89.59%	76.80%
2016	0.0433%	3,515,745	45,848	3,561,593	2,684,347	130.97%	68.90%
2017	0.0444%	2,834,467	35,640	2,870,107	2,860,267	99.10%	75.90%
2018	0.0441%	2,446,487	80,167	2,526,654	2,961,893	82.60%	79.53%
2019	0.0448%	2,476,892	76,997	2,553,889	3,167,693	78.19%	80.23%
2020	0.0478%	2,865,828	88,419	2,954,247	3,409,840	84.05%	79.06%
2021	0.0476%	2,032,733	62,134	2,094,867	3,426,907	59.32%	87.00%
2022	0.0483%	3,825,376	112,338	3,937,714	3,621,027	105.64%	76.67%
2023	0.0500%	2,795,944	77,107	2,873,051	3,961,867	70.57%	83.10%

Schedule of District's and Non-Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Last Ten Years TRA Retirement Fund

For Plan's Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	District's Proportionate Share of State of Minnesota's Proportionated Share of the Net Pension Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and District's Share of the State of Minnesota's Share of the Net Pension of Liability	District's Covered - Employee Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered - Employee Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2014	0.1626%	\$ 7,492,491	\$ 526,970	\$ 8,019,461	\$ 7,421,943	100.95%	81.50%
2015	0.1504%	9,303,727	1,140,867	10,444,594	7,633,573	121.88%	76.80%
2016	0.1539%	36,708,822	3,683,573	40,392,395	8,003,880	458.64%	44.90%
2017	0.1574%	31,419,895	3,036,990	34,456,885	8,473,200	370.81%	51.57%
2018	0.1604%	10,074,621	946,703	11,021,324	8,863,093	113.67%	78.07%
2019	0.1604%	10,223,930	904,813	11,128,743	9,105,538	112.28%	78.21%
2020	0.1693%	12,508,111	1,048,285	13,556,396	9,836,111	127.17%	75.48%
2021	0.1760%	7,702,286	649,453	8,351,739	10,533,875	73.12%	86.63%
2022	0.1818%	14,557,582	1,079,761	15,637,343	11,119,549	130.92%	76.17%
2023	0.1855%	15,315,296	1,072,847	16,388,143	11,927,719	128.40%	76.42%

See notes to Required Supplementary Information.

Independent School District No. 876 Schedule of District Contributions General Employees Retirement Fund Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	R	Statutorily Required Contribution		ributions in tion to the atutorily equired htributions	Defic	ibution tiency cess)	District's rered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$	183,946	\$	183,946	\$	-	\$ 2,452,613	7.50%
2016		201,326		201,326		-	2,684,347	7.50%
2017		214,520		214,520		-	2,860,267	7.50%
2018		222,142		222,142		-	2,961,893	7.50%
2019		237,577		237,577		-	3,167,693	7.50%
2020		255,738		255,738		-	3,409,840	7.50%
2021		257,018		257,018		-	3,426,907	7.50%
2022		271,577		271,577		-	3,621,027	7.50%
2023		297,140		297,140		-	3,961,867	7.50%
2024		314,190		314,190		-	4,189,200	7.50%

Schedule of District Contributions TRA Retirement Fund Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Statutorily Required Contribution		Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		District's Covered Payroll		Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$	572,518	\$	572,518	\$	-	\$	7,633,573	7.50%
2016		600,291		600,291		-		8,003,880	7.50%
2017		635,490		635,490		-		8,473,200	7.50%
2018		664,732		664,732		-		8,863,093	7.50%
2019		702,037		702,037		-		9,105,538	7.71%
2020		779,020		779,020		-		9,836,111	7.92%
2021		856,404		856,404		-		10,533,875	8.13%
2022		937,378		937,378		-		11,119,549	8.43%
2023		1,019,820		1,019,820		-		11,927,719	8.55%
2024		1,110,945		1,110,945		-		12,696,514	8.75%

TRA Retirement Fund

2023 Changes

Changes of Benefit Terms

The 2023 Tax Finance and Policy Bill, effective July 1, 2025:

- The employer contribution rate will increase from 8.75% to 9.5% on July 1, 2025.
- The employee contribution rate will increase from 7.75% to 8.0% on July 1, 2025.
- The pension adjustment rate for school districts and the base budgets for Minnesota State, Perpich Center for Arts Education, and Minnesota Academies will increase to reflect the 0.75% employer contribution rate increase.

The 2024 Omnibus Pensions and Retirement Bill:

- The Normal Retirement Age (NRA) for active and eligible deferred Tier II members will be 65 effective July 1, 2024.
- TRA's amortization date will remain the same at 2048.

2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

None

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The investment return assumption was changed from 7.5% to 7.0%.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- Assumed termination rates were changed to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP 2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back five years and female rates set back seven years. Generational projection uses the MP 2015 scale.
- Assumed form of annuity election proportions were changed to more closely reflect actual experience for female retirees.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

None

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The discount rate was increased to 7.5% from 5.12%.
- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was reduced from 2.0% each January 1 to 1.0%, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.1% each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.5% on January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.5% if the funded ratio was at least 90% for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019, and ending July 1, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits).
 Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.

TRA Retirement Fund (Continued)

2018 Changes (Continued)

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to 0.0% beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.0% to 3.0%, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers was reduced from 8.5% to 7.5%, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next six years (7.71% in 2018, 7.92% in 2019, 8.13% in 2020, 8.34% in 2021, 8.55% in 2022, and 8.75% in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50% to 7.75% on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The discount rate was increased to 5.12% from 4.66%.
- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was assumed to increase from 2.0% annually to 2.5% annually on July 1, 2045.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase to 2.5% but remain at 2.0% for all future years.
- Adjustments were made to the combined service annuity loads. The active load was reduced from 1.4% to 0.0%, the vested inactive load increased from 4.0% to 7.0% and the non-vested inactive load increased from 4.0% to 9.0%.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.0% to 7.5%.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.5%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 2.5% to 3.0%.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 2.85% for ten years followed by 3.25% thereafter.
- The salary increase assumption was adjusted to reflect the changes in the general wage growth assumption.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The discount rate was decreased to 4.66% from 8.0%.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase for funding or the GASB calculation. It remained at 2% for all future years.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3% to 2.75%.
- The general wage growth and payroll growth assumptions were lowered from 3.75% to 3.5%.
- Minor changes as some durations for the merit scale of the salary increase assumption.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP 2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back six years and female rates set back five years. Generational projection uses the MP 2015 scale.
- The post-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP 2014 white collar annuitant table, male rates set back three years and female rates set back three years, with further adjustments of the rates. Generational projection uses the MP 2015 scale.
- The post-disability mortality assumption was changed to the RP 2014 disabled retiree mortality table, without adjustment.
- Separate retirement assumptions for members hired before or after July 1, 1989, were created to better reflect each group's behavior in light of different requirements for retirement eligibility.

Independent School District No. 876 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

TRA Retirement Fund (Continued)

2016 Changes (Continued)

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

- Assumed termination rates were changed to be based solely on years of service in order to better fit the observed experience.
- A minor adjustment and simplification of the assumption regarding the election of optional form of annuity payment at retirement were made.

2015 Changes

Changes of Benefit Terms

The DTRFA was merged into TRA on June 30, 2015.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The annual COLA for the June 30, 2015, valuation assumed 2%. The prior year valuation used 2% with an increase to 2.5% commencing in 2034. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. This is a decrease from the discount rate at the prior measurement date of 8.25%.

General Employees Fund

2023 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5% to 7.0%. Changes in Plan Provisions

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5 percent minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The mortality improvement scale was changed from scale MP-2020 to scale MP-2021.

Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.5% to 6.5% for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from scale MP-2019 to scale MP-2020.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.5% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.0%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changes as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019, experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the Pub-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.

Independent School District No. 876 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

General Employees Fund (Continued)

2020 Changes (Continued)

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint and Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retires electing the 100% Joint and Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

Changes in Plan Provisions

Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020, through December 31, 2023, and 0.0% thereafter. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31 million to \$21 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16 million due per year through 2031.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.25% per year.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.0% to 3.0%, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.0%, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 1.0% per year with a provision to increase to 2.5% upon attainment of 90% funding ratio to 50% of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.0% and not more than 1.5%, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches Normal Retirement Age. This does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The CSA loads were changed from 0.8% for active members and 60% for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0% for active member liability, 15% for vested deferred member liability and 3% for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year for all years to 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5% per year thereafter.

Independent School District No. 876 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

General Employees Fund (Continued)

2017 Changes (Continued)

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

 The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The State's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%. The single discount rate was changed from 7.9% to 7.5%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, the inflation was decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2015 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year through 2030 and 2.5% per year thereafter to 1.0% per year through 2035 and 2.5% per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the State's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due September 2015.

Independent School District No. 876 Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Other Post Employment Benefit

2024 Changes

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2020 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The percentage of future retirees not eligible for a subsidy who are assumed to continue on the District's medical plan post-employment was reduced from 50% to 30%.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.80% to 3.90%.

2023 Changes

Assumption Changes

- The inflation rate was changed from 2.00% to 2.50%.
- The discount rate was changed from 2.10% to 3.80%

2022 Changes

Assumption Changes

- The mortality tables, medical trend rates, and withdrawal rates were updated.
- The salary scale for non-teachers was updated.
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.50% to 2.00%.
- The discount rate was changed from 2.40% to 2.10%.

2021 Changes

Assumption Changes

The discount rate changed from 3.10% to 2.40%.

2020 Changes

Benefit Changes

The benefit multiplier per year of service for the Custodian post-employment subsidized benefit increased from \$125 to \$150. The benefit multiplier per year of service for the Director of Building and Grounds post-employment subsidized benefit increased from \$350 to \$500.

Assumption Changes

The health care trend rates, mortality tables, and salary increase assumptions were updated. The discount rate changed from 3.40% to 3.10%.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Independent School District No. 876 Combining Balance Sheet -Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds									Total
	_		Community		Total Special		Capital		Nonmajor	
	Fo	od Service	Service		Revenue		Project		Funds	
Assets										
Cash and investments	\$	36,413	\$	644,456	\$	680,869	\$	8,234	\$	689,103
Current property taxes receivable		-		87,972		87,972		-		87,972
Delinquent property taxes receivable		-		1,248		1,248		-		1,248
Interest receivable		-		-		-		847		847
Due from Department of Education		122,022		34,938		156,960		-		156,960
Due from other Minnesota school districts		-		5,430		5,430		-		5,430
Due from federal government through department of education		101,444				101,444				101,444
Inventory		11,518		-		11,518		-		11,518
Inventory		11,510				11,510				11,510
Total assets	\$	271,397	\$	774,044	\$	1,045,441	\$	9,081	\$	1,054,522
Liabilities										
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	6,266	\$	19,585	\$	25,851	\$	-	\$	25,851
Salaries and benefits payable		7,020		108,153		115,173		-		115,173
Unearned revenue		21,747		18,323		40,070		-		40,070
Total liabilities		35,033		146,061		181,094		-		181,094
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue - property taxes levie	d									
for subsequent year's expenditures		-		193,555		193,555		-		193,555
Unavailable revenue - delinquent										
property taxes		-		1,248		1,248		-		1,248
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		194,803		194,803		-		194,803
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		11,518		-		11,518		-		11,518
Restricted		224,846		433,180		658,026		9,081		667,107
Total fund balances		236,364		433,180		669,544		9,081		678,625
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	271,397	\$	774,044	\$	1,045,441	\$	9,081	\$	1,054,522

Independent School District No. 876 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

	S	pecial Revenue Fur		Total		
	Food Service	Community Service	Total Special Revenue	Capital Project	Nonmajor Funds	
Revenues						
Local property taxes	Ş -	\$ 171,509	\$ 171,509	Ş -	\$ 171,509	
Other local and county revenues	4,334	1,156,848	1,161,182	-	1,161,182	
Revenue from state sources	918,545	125,375	1,043,920	-	1,043,920	
Revenue from federal sources	748,468	-	748,468	-	748,468	
Sales and other conversion of assets	121,766	-	121,766	-	121,766	
Total revenues	1,793,113	1,453,732	3,246,845		3,246,845	
Expenditures						
Current						
Food service	1,870,199	-	1,870,199	-	1,870,199	
Community education and services	-	1,621,927	1,621,927	-	1,621,927	
Capital outlay						
Food service	355,521	-	355,521	-	355,521	
Community education and services	-	3,776	3,776	-	3,776	
Total expenditures	2,225,720	1,625,703	3,851,423	-	3,851,423	
Excess of revenues over						
(under) expenditures	(432,607)	(171,971)	(604,578)	-	(604,578)	
Other Financing Sources						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	3,057	-	3,057	-	3,057	
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,057	-	3,057	-	3,057	
Net change in fund balances	(429,550)	(171,971)	(601,521)		(601,521)	
Fund Balances						
Beginning of year	665,914	605,151	1,271,065	9,081	1,280,146	
End of year	\$ 236,364	\$ 433,180	\$ 669,544	\$ 9,081	\$ 678,625	

Independent School District No. 876 Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

01 GENER			Audit		UFARS	Audit -	UFARS
Total reve	nue	\$	27,660,617	Ş	27,660,611	\$	6
Total expe			28,637,314		28,637,306		8
Nonspenda 4.60	Nonspendable		43,843		43,843		-
	/reserved:						
4.01 4.02	Student Activities		274,783		274,783		-
4.02	Scholarships Staff Development		280,301		280,301		
4.07	Capital Projects Levy						
4.08	Cooperative Programs		-				-
4.12	Literacy Incentive Aid		112,772		112,772		-
4.14	Operating Debt						-
4.16 4.20	Levy Reduction American Indian Education Aid		-				
4.24	Operating Capital		1,330		1,330		-
4.26	\$ 25 Taconite						-
4.27 4.28	Disabled Accessibility						-
4.20	Learning and Development Area Learning Center		- 21,684		21,684		
4.35	Contracted Alternative Programs		-		-		
4.36	State Approved Alternative Program						-
4.38 4.39	Gifted and Talented English Learner		-				-
4.39	Teacher Development and Evaluation						
4.41	Basic Skills Programs		-				-
4.43	School Library Aid						
4.45	Career Technical Programs						-
4.48 4.49	Achievement and Integration Revenue Safe Schools Revenue						
4.49	QZAB Payments						
4.52	OPEB Liabilities not Held in Trust						-
4.53	Unfunded Severance and						
4.59	Retirement Levy Basic Skills Extended Time						-
4.59	Long-Term Facilities Maintenance		406,365		- 406,365		
4.71	Student Support Personnel Aid		40,000		40,000		
Restricted							
4.72 4.64	Medical Assistance						-
4.64 4.75	Restricted Title VII - Impact Aid						
4.76	Payments in Lieu of Taxes						
Committee							
4.18	Separation benefits		326,636		326,636		-
4.61 Assigned:	Committed						-
4.62	Assigned		189,609		189,609		
Unassigned							
4.22	Unassigned fund balance		1,648,098		1,648,099		(1)
02 FOOD 9	SERVICE FUND						
Total Reve		\$	1,793,113	\$	1,793,117	s	(4)
Total Expe		•	2,225,720	•	2,225,722	•	(2)
Nonspendo			_,,		_,,		(-)
4.60	Nonspendable		11,518		11,518		-
	/reserved:						
4.52 Restricted	OPEB Liabilities not Held in Trust						-
4.64	Restricted		224,846		224,847		(1)
Unassigned			,		,-		• • •
4.63	Unassigned						-
04 COMMI	JNITY SERVICE FUND						
Total reve		\$	1,453,732	\$	1,453,729	Ş	3
Total expe			1,625,703		1,625,700		3
Nonspenda 4.60	able: Nonspendable						
	/reserved:						-
4.26	\$ 25 Taconite		-				-
4.31	Community Education		262,517		262,514		3
4.32 4.40	ECFE Teacher Development and Evaluation		-				-
4.40 4.44			- 170,663		- 170,663		
4.47	Adult Basic Education						-
4.52	OPEB Liabilities not Held in Trust		-				-
Restricted							
4.64 Unassigned	Restricted d:						-
4.63	Unassigned						-

06 BUILDING	G CONSTRUCTION FUND		Audit		UFARS	Audit	-UFARS
Total revenu		\$		\$		\$	
Total expend		Ŷ		Ŷ		Ŷ	
Nonspendab							
4.60	Nonspendable						
Restricted/r							
4.07							
	Capital Projects Levy						
4.13	Project Funded by COP/LP		-		-		
4.67	Long-term Facilities Maintenance		-		-		
Restricted:							
4.64	Restricted		9,081		9,081		
Unassigned:							
4.63	Unassigned						
07 DEBT SER							
Total revenu		s	2,070,911	s	2,070,911	s	
Total expend			2,085,388		2,085,388	•	
Nonspendab			2,000,000		2,000,000		
4.60							
	Nonspendable						
Restricted/r							
4.25	Bond Refundings		-		-		
4.33	Maxiumum effort loan aid		-		-		
4.51	QZAB Payments		-		-		
4.67	LTFM						
Restricted:							
4.64	Restricted		469,608		469,608		
Unassigned:							
4.63	Unassigned						
1.05							
08 TRUST F							
		ć		ć		ć	
Total revenu		\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Total expend			-		-		
Unassigned:			-		-		
4.01	Student Activities		-		-		
4.02	Scholarships		-		-		
4.22	Net position		-		-		
18 CUSTODI	AL						
Total revenu	Je	Ş		Ş		Ş	
Total expend	ditures		-		-		
Restricted/r							
4.01	Student Activities						
4.02	Scholarships						
4.48							
	Achievement and Integration						
4.64	Restricted		-		-		
	L SERVICE FUND						
Total revenu		\$	-	\$	-	Ş	
Total expend	ditures		-		-		
Unassigned:							
4.22	Net position						
	· · · · ·						
	VOCABLE TRUST						
Total revenu		\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Total expend	ditures						
Unassigned:							
4.22	Net position						
	*						
45 OPEB IRR	REVOCABLE TRUST						
Total revenu		Ş		Ş		\$	
Total expend		Ŷ		Ŷ		Ŷ	
Unassigned:							
	Not position						
4.22	Net position		•		-		
	BT SERVICE						
Total revenu		\$	-	\$	-	Ş	
Total expend			-		-		
Nonspendab	le:						
4.25	Bond refundings						
4.60	Nonspendable fund balance						
Restricted:							
4.64	Restricted fund balance						
Unassigned:							
4.63	Unassigned fund balance		-		-		

Independent School District No. 876 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Funding Source/Pass Through Agency/Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture		
Through Minnesota Department of Education		
Child Nutrition Cluster		
Commodities Programs	10.555	\$ 139,142
School Breakfast	10.553	78,954
National School Lunch	10.555	451,316
Summer Food Service	10.559	79,056
Total Child Nutrition Cluster and U.S.	10.337	77,050
Department of Agriculture		748,468
Department of Agriculture		740,400
U.S. Department of Education		
Through Minnesota Department of Education		
Title I, Part A	84.010	163,184
	0 110 10	100,101
Education Stabilization Fund		
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Education Relief II Fund		
- 90% Formula Allowance	84.425D	86,598
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Education Relief III Fund		
- 90% Formula Allowance	84.425U	476,761
Total Education Stabilization Fund		563,359
Through ISD No. 938 - Meeker and Wright Special Education Co-op		
Special Education Cluster		
Special Education	84.027	102,567
Disabled Early Education	84.173	22,431
Total Special Education Cluster	• • • • • •	124,998
		.2.,770
Total U.S. Department of Education		851,541
Total Federal Expenditures		\$ 1,600,009

Independent School District No. 876 Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes of net assets, or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 - INVENTORY

Inventories of commodities donated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture are recorded at market value in the Food Service Fund as inventory. Revenue and expenditures are recorded when commodities are used.

NOTE 4 - INDIRECT COST RATE

The District did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate, as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.



Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Basic Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To the School Board Independent School District No. 876 Annandale, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the basic financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 876, Annandale, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 25, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's basic financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Finding and Questioned Costs in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance that we consider to be a material weakness, Audit Finding 2024-001.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's basic financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to the Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs in Accordance with Uniform Guidance. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bugenkov, Ut.

St. Cloud, Minnesota November 25, 2024



Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

To the School Board Independent School District No. 876 Annandale, Minnesota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Independent School District No. 876, Annandale, Minnesota compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

In our opinion, the District complied in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District 's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District 's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District 's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District 's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District 's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance (Continued)

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bugenkov, Ltd.

St. Cloud, Minnesota November 25, 2024

Independent School District No. 876 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	We issued an unmodified opinion on the fair presentation of the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).				
 Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? 	Yes, Audit Finding 2024-001 None reported				
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No				
Federal Awards					
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified				
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	No None reported				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516?	No				
Identification of Major Programs					
Assistance Listing No: Name of Federal Program or Cluster:	10.553, 10.555, and 10.559 Child Nutrition Cluster				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000				
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?	No				

Independent School District No. 876 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Audit Finding 2024-001 - Lack of Segregation of Accounting Duties

Criteria:

Internal control that supports the District's ability to initiate, record, process and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements requires adequate segregation of accounting duties.

Condition:

The District does not have adequate segregation of accounting duties.

Context:

This finding impacts the internal control for all significant accounting functions.

Effect or Potential Effect:

The lack of adequate segregation of accounting duties could adversely affect the District's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

Cause:

There are a limited number of office employees.

Recommendation:

Continue to review the accounting system, including changes that may occur. Implement segregation whenever practical.

Views of the Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN (CAP):

- 1. <u>Explanation of Disagreement with Audit Finding</u> There is no disagreement with the audit finding.
- <u>Actions Planned in Response to Finding</u> The District will continue to segregate duties as much as possible, based upon an analysis of costs and benefits.
- 3. <u>Official Responsible for Ensuring CAP</u> Rick Pullen, Business Manager, is the official responsible for ensuring corrective action of the deficiency by communicating with staff the new procedures.
- 4. <u>Planned Completion Date for CAP</u> The planned completion date for the CAP is ongoing.
- 5. <u>Plan to Monitor Completion of CAP</u> Tim Prom, Superintendent, will be monitoring this CAP by supervising the Business Manager. The School Board will monitor the cost benefit analysis annually during the budgeting process.

Independent School District No. 876 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

There were no findings or questioned costs.

SECTION IV - PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None



Minnesota Legal Compliance

Independent Auditor's Report

To the School Board Independent School District No. 876 Annandale, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 876, Annandale, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 25, 2024.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the District failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting - bid laws, depositories of public funds and public investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and uniform financial accounting and reporting standards for school districts sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for School Districts*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to *Minnesota Statutes* § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit as not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the District's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The purpose of this report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Bugenkov, Ltd.

St. Cloud, Minnesota November 25, 2024